

COMES BACK VETOED

GENERAL DEFICIENCY BILL HAS TO BE EXPURGATED.

NEW ONE IS FRAMED

FEATURES OBJECTED TO ARE ELIMINATED THEREFROM.

TWO-THIRDS VOTE IS LACKING

CROSS PURPOSES ON THE SUNDAY CIVIL AND INDIAN BILLS.

Further Conference on the Public Buildings, the Sundry Civil and Indian Bills—Territory Matters.

Washington, D. C., June 6.—The house waited twenty minutes again today for the appearance of a quorum, and Speaker Reed admonished members to be in attendance promptly hereafter.

The bill extending the jurisdiction of United States courts in the Indian territory, and providing for laying out the towns and leasing of coal, timber, farming and grazing lands, passed.

The president today sent to the house a message accompanying his veto of the general deficiency appropriation bill. The message includes a defense of the exercise of the veto power and a long criticism of the French spoliation claims aggregating over a million dollars and also objection to the payment of the Chouteau claim of \$174,465 arising out of the construction of an iron steam battery.

The house cleared its decks for adjournment today by disposing of all the essential business before it, which consisted of conference reports on appropriation bills. The president's veto of the general deficiency appropriation bill proved effectual, as the house, by a vote of 149 to 149, refused to pass the bill over the veto, and sent to the senate a substitute omitting the French spoliation claims and other claims which had incurred presidential opposition.

There was little debate on the Indian bill conference report, which involved a compromise extending government aid to church schools for another year when it came to a vote. The bill was rejected by the narrow vote of 85 to 65. An amendment authorizing the states to make liens on arid lands to cover expenses of reclamation was adopted.

A bill passed by the house which was rejected by the narrow vote of 85 to 65. An amendment authorizing the states to make liens on arid lands to cover expenses of reclamation was adopted.

Mr. Cannon then sent to the clerk's desk the substitute bill.

Mr. Richardson protested against the bill because in it Mr. Cannon had "vetoed" not only the French spoliation claims, but also the claims approved by the president, but also the Southern war claims, which the president had not mentioned and had given the committee no opportunity to pass on the bill.

Mr. Evans of Kentucky and Mr. Wellington of Maryland pleaded for the Southern war claims, and the latter incidentally said that he had heard that a Republican and a Democratic member of the appropriation committee had assured the president that if he vetoed the bill they would see that the house passed such a bill as he wanted.

In reply, Mr. Cannon explained that he had prepared the new bill because there was not time for the committee to frame a new one and had omitted the Bowman act claims because they could not be put in a bill originating in the house under the rules.

This provoked a tumult in which Mr. Cannon yelled: "I do not believe the house cares to follow the lead of the gentleman from Maryland," and Mr. Wellington retorted: "The house will not go wrong if it does in this matter," and was called to order by the speaker.

The vote on the passage of the bill was: yeas 172; nays 43, a wide margin over the necessary two-thirds to pass a bill under suspension of the rules.

SUNDAY CIVIL BILL.

The conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill was reported by Mr. Cannon. The house voted to agree to the senate amendment, which authorized liens on the arid lands ceded to states by the Carey act to cover the cost of the public buildings.

The bill was then passed by a vote of 149 to 149, and the house adjourned.

PLAYED FREEZE-OUT

HOW THE RUSSO-FRENCH ALLIANCE AMUSED ITSELF.

During the Moscow Fete, Prince Henry of Prussia Stood Around First on One Foot and Then on the Other and Contracted Curvature of the Spine While Waiting Out in the Cold for a Little Kindly Patronizing From the Heavy-Witted Muscovite and the Heartless and Filippant Gallian-German News.

(Copyright 1896 by the Associated Press.) Berlin, Germany, June 6.—There is much dissatisfaction in official circles at the results of the Moscow celebrations, and the lack of attention paid to Prince Henry of Prussia, who represented Emperor William at the czar's coronation, and to the fete given at the German embassy, combined with the apparently undisturbed Franco-Russian fraternization, are cited in support of this feeling of discontent. Emperor William was kept minutely informed by letters and telegrams of all of the features of the fete and had lengthy interviews on the subject with Baron Marshall von Bismarck, the minister for foreign affairs.

Six young Americans who have been studying music at Leipzig were sentenced this week for breach of peace in resisting a policeman. Their leader, named Forst, belonging to California, was sent to jail for six weeks and the others were confined in minor terms of imprisonment. One of the young men escaped. Neither the United States consul at Leipzig nor the United States embassy here were asked to intervene.

MORE MONUMENTS.

Two monuments to Emperor William I will be dedicated this month, one at the summit of Kyffhäuser on June 17; the other at Breslau. His majesty will attend both ceremonies.

After the Kiel regatta, June 18 to 20, the emperor will be in the city for the launching of the new big ironclad Braunschweig.

At the spring parade of the troops at Potsdam on Monday last, the three oldest of the imperial regiments were on duty as officers of the body company of the First regiment of guards.

His majesty has ordered the whole of the Berlin garrison to visit the Berlin exposition at his expense.

The North German Gazette says that the storage for the Kaiser's tax, will be 160 marks.

The provincial synod of Merseburg has requested the supreme council to inform his majesty of the evangelistical church disapproved of duels and requests that he takes steps to abolish them.

Professor von Soden is to be tried for bribery because of his role in the case of the Evangelical Social congress at Stuttgart, in the course of which he severely criticized Baron von Stumm, the emperor and the Evangelical church.

FRIEDMAN'S BOOK.

Fritz Friedman, the well known writer, whose absence from Berlin has caused such a sensation at the time, has since his arrival at the Berlin jail, after having been extradited from France, sent orders to his Paris publisher, Ollivier, to circulate certain passages from his book on the von Kott scandal or else to refrain from publishing the work until after his trial.

The congressional efforts to change immigration laws are apparently following the line of the educational test, which is regarded as totally useless to materially alter the character.

Policeman Doehmann of Stiegler has been promoted and rewarded with money for promptly killing a criminal on the street.

On the other hand, the emperor has pardoned two police sergeants at Ostrow for torturing a prisoner to death in jail.

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WALLING TOLD IT

ONLY QUESTION BEING AS TO ITS ADMISSIBILITY.

On the Stand at Newport are a Chief of Police, a Sheriff, a Mayor and Two Detectives Successively—They Relate Enough of Walling's Brutal, Brutal, Sneaking, Crawling, Creepy Admissions to Hang the Wretch a Million Times, But a Rule of Evidence is in Question and May Bar the Testimony.

Newport, Ky., June 6.—The commonwealth in the Walling trial today consumed the day in the examination of Chief of Police Phil Dietrich of Cincinnati, Sheriff Jule Plummer of Campbell county, Mayor John A. Caldwell of Cincinnati, Detectives Herman Witte and Jack McDermott of Cincinnati.

The cross-examination of Dietrich who was on the stand, lasted nearly all forenoon. The examination was frequent interrupted by the retirement of the jury while counsel debated the admissibility of certain testimony. Some of the most important testimony by Dietrich has been ordered by the court to be withheld from the jury until the court hears the question debated by the counsel and gives his decision.

The testimony in question consists of many damaging admissions made by Walling to Colonel Dietrich, among which are that he (Walling) knew soon after the holidays that Jackson intended to bring Pearl Bryan here and he (Walling) had agreed to perform an abortion on her. Also that Jackson had changed his mind and said he would kill her with quick poison at some room and make it appear as if she had committed suicide, that he changed his plans again and said he would cut her up and scatter the pieces around the city sewers, finally that for three days before Jackson killed her, he (Walling) knew Jackson was going to cut her head off. All this testimony is put in jeopardy of the fact that Colonel Dietrich before he obtained it from Walling, told Walling it would be well for him to tell all about the whole affair.

Sheriff Plummer testified to the admission obtained from Walling very much the same in all essential points as that detailed by Dietrich. Sheriff Plummer also stated the heartless admission by Walling that he would not have warned Pearl Bryan of her impending execution, because he feared that if she were killed, Hamilton and Dayton depot would be waiting to receive her in January when she first came to Cincinnati, although he knew all about it.

Detective Witte stated that Walling told him that after Pearl Bryan came to Cincinnati he had to look after her on Thursday, because Jackson had to go to Fort Thomas and other points in Kentucky on that day. This is the evidence that has been the chief of the exploration of the Kentucky highlands by Jackson before the murder.

The defense will doubtless put Walling on the stand next Monday. It is likely that all next week will be consumed in taking testimony.

IN WILD AND WOOLLY STYLE

Three Desperados Nab a Grocery Store Cash Drawer in Chicago.

Chicago, June 6.—The gang of desperados who have been terrorizing the West Side of the city for the last two months, committed another bold robbery tonight, holding up a store full of people at 9 o'clock in the evening, and carrying off \$400 in cash.

The store was Klein's general merchandise establishment at the corner of Fourteenth and Halsted streets. It does a large business and is generally crowded on Saturday night. When the robbery occurred, the cashier was alone in the store.

The robbery was committed in the presence of fully 200 people and on a crowded and brilliantly lighted street.

INSURED WIFE AVENGES RECKLESS

Fort Smith, Ark., June 6.—Late last night Mrs. Fagan Bourland shot and fatally wounded Fagan Bourland, her husband, who had been drinking.

The shooting took place in the kitchen of the Bourland home. Mrs. Bourland is quite wealthy, and his wife is a most estimable lady and a leader of local society. She has not been arrested, and probably will not be.

The case was brought to court today and the jury heard testimony from the neighbors and the family.

SHOT THROUGH THE BONNET

Mrs. Fagan Bourland of Fort Smith Shot Her Husband.

Hennepin, O. T., June 6.—(Special.)—James Fowler, a farmer living near here, was brought to town this afternoon under arrest, charged with an attempt to murder his sister, Mrs. Fowler. He claimed it was a mistake.

Bad blood has existed for some time in the family and a recent lawsuit resulted in Fowler getting the worst of the fight.

BULLETIN OF

The Wichita Daily Eagle.

Wichita, Sunday, June 7, 1896.

Weather for Wichita today: Fair, cooler, northwest winds.

Sun—Rises, 4:24; sets, 7:33. Moon—Waning; rises, 1:49.

INDEX OF TODAY'S IMPORTANT NEWS

1. General Deficiency Bill Vetoed
2. Four Weddings for First Week of June
3. Bridgemen Get Another Shattering—Week's Review of the Stock Market
4. Thousands Expected to Visit Rally
5. Biggest Rain of the Season Falls
6. Buck Masie Wins at St. Louis
7. Whitehead Reid Visits McKinley

OKLAHOMA REPUBLICANS ACTIVE

League Will be Organized All Over the Territory.

Pawnee, O. T., June 6.—The time for another active and important campaign is at hand. In a few days the Republican party will have selected the standard bearer who will lead us to victory.

The Republican club, which has swept the entire country for the last two years, and which so grandly and completely obliterated the Democratic parties in the states of Kentucky, New Jersey and Maryland, will probably reach a climax in this campaign.

The people are anxiously awaiting an opportunity to restore to power the party of progress, protection and prosperity. The result of two years of Democratic misrule and incompetency. The people are anxiously awaiting an opportunity to restore to power the party of progress, protection and prosperity.

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SPREADING OUT BIG

KANSAS FREIGHT RATE CASE IS AN IMMENSE THING.

CHICAGO HEARD FROM

DISCRIMINATION IN FAVOR OF ST. PAUL AND ST. LOUIS.

OTHER HEARINGS MUST BE HAD

ENTIRE WEST AND SOUTHWEST SHARES THE GRIEVANCE.

Shrewd and Crafty Mr. McNeill Keeps Accounts Worth Millions in a Little Memorandum Book—Hearing Adjourned.

Kansas City, June 6.—Chairman W. R. Morrison of the interstate commerce commission concluded taking testimony in the case of the railway commissioners of Kansas, versus the Trans-Missouri Freight association this afternoon and left for Chicago.

"A date for the final hearing," said he before leaving, "will be announced by the interstate commerce commission after fifteen days, which time will be required for the filing of interpleads."

W. H. McNeill, local agent of the Anglo-American provision company, furnished his testimony this morning. Mr. McNeill had been directed to produce his books showing the record of daily purchases by his company. He stated frankly that he kept no account because he did not care to have them ordered in court, therefore he could only present a little memorandum book as the record of the vast transactions.

F. M. Baker of Greenlee & Baker, Atchison, was forced to admit that he had received from two to five cents a hundred, elevator fees, from the Missouri Pacific railway on grain that he had bought and shipped to Atchison.

Judge Richards of Fort Scott, representing the Missouri Pacific, cross-examined the witness and endeavored to show that the fees in question were a legitimate subsidy to get business for elevators built on its own line and had no reference to cutting freight rates.

H. P. Dennison of the transportation bureau (Atchison) was called to the stand in which he said he thought Texas should be granted more concessions in the line of freight rates than she now had. He asked permission to file an intervening petition, and was given ten days in which to do so. He presented a map covered with figures and representing what he claimed were rank discriminations in rates against Texas points. The map was offered in evidence.

The taking of testimony closed at 4 o'clock. It is said that Chicago will present an intervening petition, demanding a revision of tariffs. Chicago is also expected to present evidence against, in favor of St. Louis and St. Paul.

The controversy has assumed larger proportions than was expected and the commission may have to act in various places in which the railway companies are in favor of St. Louis and St. Paul.

EVERYBODY IS AT SEA

Political Chaos is Imminent in Connecticut

New York, June 6.—The Evening Post prints the following dispatch from New Haven, Conn.: Talks with a large number of people in this city prominent in politics and business, representing both parties and typical of their classes in the rest of the state, disclose a most extraordinary condition of public sentiment on the political question.

Among the Democratic leaders, since the recent election of free silver delegates to Chicago, there has sprung up a feeling of almost utter despondency. Four years ago at the stage of the presidential canvass corresponding to the present time there was the utmost activity in the Democratic party of old state. There were many lively contests in the town caucuses between the adherents of Cleveland and Hill, the candidates for places in the delegation to the national convention were known and discussed, and the action of the preaching state convention was looked for with the deepest interest. But now, with the state convention only a week away, in a state which the Democrats have carried at 4 to 1 since 1880, and in which, therefore, there could be hardly less interest in the gathering if it were not to be held at all. Fully two thirds of the town delegates have been chosen by the Democrats, and the action of the state convention is looked for with the deepest interest. But now, with the state convention only a week away, in a state which the Democrats have carried at 4 to 1 since 1880, and in which, therefore, there could be hardly less interest in the gathering if it were not to be held at all. Fully two thirds of the town delegates have been chosen by the Democrats, and the action of the state convention is looked for with the deepest interest.

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